

Type or print the name that appears in the signature box

New York State Department of Taxation and Finance

New York State and Local Sales and Use Tax Farmer's and Commercial Horse Boarding Operator's Exemption Certificate

This certificate is not valid unless all entries have been completed by the purchaser.	
Name of seller	Name of purchaser
Street address	Street address
City State ZIP code	City State ZIP code
Check all applicable boxes: Farmer	Commercial horse boarding operator – provide Certificate of Authority number:
Single purchase certificate	Blanket certificate
You cannot use this form to purchase motor fuel (gasoline) or diesel motor fuel exempt from tax (see <i>Note</i> below).	
I certify that I am exempt from payment of sales and use taxes on the property or service(s) indicated below. The property or service(s) will be used or consumed in farm production or in a commercial horse boarding operation, or in both, in the exempt manner indicated below. (Check applicable box(es).)	
horse boarding operation, or in both, whether or not in	ned predominantly either in farm production or in a commercial accorporated in a building or structure. This includes building ntain, or service a building or structure used predominantly either operation, or in both.
(b) The service consists of installing, repairing, maintaini consumed predominantly either in farm production or services are still subject to the New York City local sa	ng, or servicing exempt tangible personal property used or in a commercial horse boarding operation, or in both. These ales and use taxes.
☐ (c) The service consists of repairing, maintaining, or service consumed predominantly either in farm production or	ricing a building, structure, or other real property used or in a commercial horse boarding operation, or in both.
(d) The motor vehicle will be used predominantly either in both.	n farm production or in a commercial horse boarding operation, or
), gas (including propane in containers of 100 pounds or more), refrigeration, or steam service, will be used or consumed either operation, or in both.
Note: You cannot use this form to purchase motor fuel (gasolir <i>Certificate for Purchases of Diesel Motor Fuel or Residual Petr Operations</i> , for certain purchases of diesel motor fuel. Use For <i>Fuel</i> , to claim a refund of the motor fuel excise tax, the petroleupurchases. Use Form FT-500, <i>Application for Refund of Sales</i> certain purchases.	oleum Product for Farmers and Commercial Horse Boarding m FT-420, Refund Application for Farmers Purchasing Motor
	nor under section 1817 of the Tax Law and section 210.45 of the line of up to \$10,000 for an individual or \$20,000 for a corporation.
Signature of purchaser or purchaser's representative (give title and relationship)	Date

Instructions

Farm production means the production of tangible personal property for sale by farming. Farming includes agriculture, horticulture, viniculture, viticulture, aquaculture, silviculture, or floriculture; stock, dairy, poultry, fruit, vegetable, fur bearing animal, graping, truck, and tree farming; ranching; operating nurseries, greenhouses, vineyard trellises, or other similar structures used primarily for the raising of agricultural, horticultural, vinicultural, viticultural, silvicultural, or floricultural commodities; operating orchards; raising, growing, and harvesting crops, livestock, and livestock products; and raising, growing, and harvesting woodland products, including but not limited to timber, logs, lumber, pulpwood, posts, and firewood. Administrative activities that are predominantly related to farm production are considered to be activities of farm production. Farm production begins with the preparation of the soil or other growing medium and, in the case of animals, from the beginning of the life cycle. Production ceases when the product is ready for sale in its natural state; for farm products that will be converted into other products, farm production ceases when the normal development of the farm product has reached a stage where it will be processed or converted into a related product.

Predominantly means more than 50%, measured, for example, by hours of usage or by miles traveled.

Commercial horse boarding operation means an agricultural enterprise of at least seven acres and boarding at least 10 horses, regardless of ownership, that receives \$10,000 or more in gross receipts annually from fees generated either through the boarding of horses or through the production for sale of crops, livestock, and livestock products, or through both such boarding and such production. Under no circumstances shall this include an operation whose primary on-site function is horse racing.

Note: The above definition of commercial horse boarding operation became effective January 1, 2003, and is valid only for purchases made on or after that date. Prior to January 1, 2003, the definition of commercial horse boarding operation required the operation to consist of at least 10 acres rather than seven. Thus, a commercial horse boarding operation claiming exemption for any transaction occurring before January 1, 2003, must, in addition to the other requirements of the definition, have consisted of at least 10 acres.

To the seller

If all entries have been completed and the certificate has been signed by the purchaser (or representative), you may accept the certificate in lieu of collecting tax on your sale of the property or service(s) described in the box(es) checked.

The tax exemptions for farmers and commercial horse boarding operators are limited to purchases of property and services used predominantly either in farm production or in a commercial horse boarding operation, or in both. Purchases of property or services not used predominantly either in farm production or in a commercial horse boarding operation, or in both, do not qualify for the exemption.

The farmer or commercial horse boarding operator must give you an exemption certificate with all entries completed no later than 90 days after the delivery of the property or service(s). Otherwise, the sale will be considered to have been taxable at the time the transaction took place. If, within the 90 days, you are given an exemption certificate that is deficient (for example, some required entries are left blank), it will be considered satisfactory if the deficiency is corrected within a reasonable period of time. If you do not receive the certificate within the 90 days, you will share with the buyer the burden of proving the sale was exempt.

If the blanket certificate box is checked, you may consider this certificate part of any order received from the purchaser during the period that the blanket certificate remains in effect. A blanket certificate remains in effect until the purchaser gives you written notice of revocation, or until the Tax Department notifies you that the purchaser may not make exempt purchases.

You must keep this exemption certificate for at least three years after either the due date of the last return to which it relates or the date when the return was filed (if later). You must also maintain a method of associating an exempt sale made to a particular customer with the exemption certificate you have on file for that customer.

Privacy notification

The Commissioner of Taxation and Finance may collect and maintain personal information pursuant to the New York State Tax Law, including but not limited to, sections 171, 171-a, 287, 308, 429, 475, 505, 697, 1096, 1142, and 1415 of that Law; and may require disclosure of social security numbers pursuant to 42 USC 405(c)(2)(C)(i).

This information will be used to determine and administer tax liabilities and, when authorized by law, for certain tax offset and exchange of tax information programs as well as for any other lawful purpose.

Information concerning quarterly wages paid to employees is provided to certain state agencies for purposes of fraud prevention. support enforcement, evaluation of the effectiveness of certain employment and training programs and other purposes authorized by law.

Failure to provide the required information may subject you to civil or criminal penalties, or both, under the Tax Law.

This information is maintained by the Director of Records Management and Data Entry, NYS Tax Department, W A Harriman Campus, Albany NY 12227; telephone 1 800 225-5829. From areas outside the United States and outside Canada, call (518) 485-6800.

Need help?



Internet access: www.nystax.gov (for information, forms, and publications)



Fax-on-demand forms: 1 800 748-3676



Telephone assistance is available from 8:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M. (eastern time), Monday through Friday.

To order forms and publications: 1 800 462-8100 **Business Tax Information Center:** 1 800 972-1233 From areas outside the U.S. and outside Canada: (518) 485-6800

Hearing and speech impaired (telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) callers only): 1 800 634-2110 (8:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M. eastern time).



Persons with disabilities: In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, we will ensure that our lobbies, offices, meeting rooms, and other facilities are accessible to persons with disabilities. If you have questions about special accommodations for persons with disabilities, please call 1 800 972-1233.



If you need to write, address your letter to: NYS Tax Department, Business Tax Information Center, W A Harriman Campus, Albany NY 12227.